



Practice Test 4

A Language Functions

1 Respond to each of the following situations:

- a Your brother looks worried. You want to know whether he has a problem.
What's the matter?/Is something wrong?
- b Your mother was very busy yesterday. You regret not helping her.
I wish I had helped my mother yesterday./I regret that I didn't help/not helping my mother yesterday.
- c An English friend asks you how you celebrate *Sham El-Nessim*.
I/We celebrate by eating salted fish. / I/We eat salted fish.
- d You forgot to thank a friend for a present he/she gave you.
I'm (very) sorry I forgot to thank you for the present.

2 Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following two mini-dialogues:

- a **A** Is there anything I can do to help, Miss Salma?
B Could you give these books back to the class after break?
A Yes, of course. Is that the homework we did last week?
B Yes, that's right. Your homework was very good.
- b **A** Excuse me. I need to find out about modern farming in Egypt for a university project.
B All the information on agriculture is on the second floor.
A Thank you. Can I take any of the books out?
B Yes. Just bring them to the desk near the entrance.
- | | |
|------------|--|
| Place: | <i>classroom</i> |
| Speaker A: | <i>student</i> |
| Speaker B: | <i>teacher</i> |
| Function: | <i>offer help/ask and answer questions</i> |
- | | |
|------------|--|
| Place: | <i>library</i> |
| Speaker A: | <i>university student</i> |
| Speaker B: | <i>librarian/library worker</i> |
| Function: | <i>ask for information/give instructions</i> |

B Vocabulary and Structure

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 You'll have to hurry. Your lesson in half an hour.
a is going to start **b** starts c will start d start
- 2 That tower is one of the town's most famous
a landmarks b marks c events d products
- 3 I'd like to get a job in the medical
a work b career c occupation **d** profession
- 4 I wish I where I left my jacket.
a know b had known **c** knew d could know
- 5 Heba wishes she all her money last weekend.
a didn't spend b doesn't spend c hasn't spent **d** hadn't spent

- 6 My brother his ambition when he became a doctor.
 a achieved b won c got d made
- 7 After the storm, there was a huge of water on the roads.
 a floods b number c amount d lot
- 8 Sara felt ill all night because she too much the day before.
 a had eaten b was eating c eats d has eaten
- 9 Hamdi was very tired yesterday evening because he for a school test all day.
 a has revised b had been revising c revised d revising
- 10 I really to very loud music in public places.
 a refuse b argue c can't stand d object
- 11 Ahmed's friends didn't him when he returned from a year abroad. He looked so different.
 a recognise b remember c see d look
- 12 My friend suggested for a picnic in the park.
 a go b to go c going d goes
- 13 We're planning to Europe for our holiday next year.
 a flying b to fly c fly d to flying
- 14 In some countries, people the end of the year on December 31st.
 a enjoy b celebrate c have fun d party
- 15 In our town, there are musicians who play music.
 a tradition b national c folk d historical
- 16 Whose is it to make sure children arrive safely at school?
 a responsible b responsibility c response d respond

4 Find the mistake in each of the following sentences, then write them correctly:

- a Have we got a bread so I can make some sandwiches?
Have we got any bread so I can make some sandwiches?
- b Soha shouldn't eat too many sweets because she is chronic.
Soha shouldn't eat too many sweets because she is diabetic/overweight.
- c I asked my mother whether had she seen my English book.
I asked my mother whether she had seen my English book.
- d Sylvia is on a low-fat diet because recently she's lost a lot of weight.
Sylvia is on a low-fat diet because recently she's gained a lot of weight.
- e She has always enjoyed to go to the theatre.
She has always enjoyed going to the theatre.
- f Alfred Farag is a famous Egyptian playwright.
Alfred Farag is a famous Egyptian playwright.

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Second Term Practice Tests

Ⓒ Reading

5 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Il Palio is the name of Italy's most famous horse race. It has taken place in the main square of the city of Siena on 2nd July and 16th August every year for hundreds of years. Siena has 17 districts, **each** with its own flag. The people who live in these districts used to be enemies who fought each other, and though there are no longer fights, each district is still very proud of its riders and hopes they will win the race. On the morning of the race, the horses and the riders can be seen walking through the city. People wear bright clothes and hold their district's flag. The horses have to run round the square three times and the race lasts around 90 seconds. The winner is not always the rider: a horse can win the race even if the rider falls off.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1 Where does *Il Palio* take place?
It takes place in Siena, Italy.
- 2 How long does the race last?
It lasts around 90 seconds.
- 3 What do the people of Siena have in their hands when they watch the race?
They have flags of their districts.

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 How many times a year does the race take place?
a once **b** twice c three times d seventeen times
- 5 What does the word **each** refer to in *Siena has 17 districts, each with its own flag*?
a each rider **b** each district c each horse d each race

6 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Scientists are very important to our future. What kinds of problems can they help us to solve? Here are just a few of **these**. Scientists can help farmers to produce good quality food for the world's growing population. They can also develop new crops which do not suffer from diseases. Scientists and engineers can work with car companies to produce cars and other vehicles which use fuel more efficiently. At the same time, research scientists are looking for new types of energy to replace oil and petrol. Other scientists, too, are doing research into new treatments for serious illnesses. But perhaps the most important work scientists are doing is to find ways of reducing global warming.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1 What is the main subject of this text?
The ways in which scientists can help us to solve our problems.
- 2 In what two ways are scientists helping farmers?
They are helping them to produce good quality food for a growing population and developing new disease-resistant crops.
- 3 How are scientists helping the medical profession?
They are helping the medical profession by researching new treatments for serious illnesses.

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 Scientists are helping car companies by producing ...
a cheaper cars. b faster cars. **c** more efficient cars. d safer cars.
- 5 What does **these** refer to in *Here are just a few of these*?
a the scientists b kinds of food c the farmers **d** the problems

7 The Reader (*The Prisoner of Zenda*)

a Answer the following questions: (answers may vary)

- 1 Rassendyll has never liked responsibilities. Now he has many. What responsibilities does he have?
He has to run the country and rescue the real King.

- 2 Why does Rassendyll become good at pretending he has forgotten rules or people he has met?
He has to do this so that people will still think he is the real King.
- 3 Rassendyll tells the Princess that when he was younger, he thought he didn't need to worry about society. Why does he say this?
He is forgetting to pretend to be the King. He is thinking of his own youth.
- 4 How does the Princess react to Rassendyll's recalling that he thought he had no need to worry about society?
She is surprised because he always knew he would be King, so he should expect to have responsibilities.

b Read the following quotation, then answer the questions: (answers 2 and 3 may vary)

"It would be very useful for Michael if you disappeared. And if you disappear, the game's over."

- 1 Who says this? *Colonel Sapt.*
- 2 Why does the speaker say this? *He is explaining why he has men guarding Rassendyll everywhere he goes.*
- 3 What game would be over if the person disappeared? Explain. *The game is Rassendyll pretending to be King. If he disappeared, Duke Michael would kill the real King and make himself King.*

c Find the mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it:

- 1 No one goes into the castle without Michael's or Sapt's permission.
No one goes into the castle without Michael's or Rupert's permission.
- 2 The letter from Antoinette tells the King to come to the summer house with a friend.
The letter from Antoinette tells the King to come to the summer house alone.

D Writing

- 8 Write a paragraph of about 100 words about what you think is the most important scientific discovery or invention of the last 50 years.**

Translation

9 a Translate into Arabic:

By the time Alexandre Dumas was 20, his mother had spent all her money. He then went to live in Paris. There he found work as a secretary to an old friend of his father.

عندما بلغ / أصبح ألكسندر دوما (س) عشرين عاماً، كانت أمه قد أنفقت مالها كله. حينها ذهب للعمل في باريس،
ووجد هناك عملاً كسكرتير / كأمين سر. لصديق قديم لوالده / لأبيه.
بحلول عيد الميلاد العشرين لـ ألكسندر دوما (س)، كانت أمه قد أنفقت مالها كله. حينها ذهب للعمل في باريس،
ووجد هناك عملاً كسكرتير / كأمين سر. لصديق قديم لوالده / لأبيه.

b Translate into English:

- ١- ليتني استذكرت بإجتهد أكثر عندما كان الوقت متاحاً.
I wish I had studied harder when I had the time.
- ٢- ما نوعية الموسيقى التي تحب سماعها؟
What kind of music do you like to listen/listening to?

Practice Test 5

A Language Functions

1 Respond to each of the following situations:

- a Your friend starts to cross a road when you see a car coming. Warn your friend.
Watch out!!/Look out! There's a car coming!/A car's coming!
- b Someone asks if you think people will still have cars in 50 years.
I'm sure/certain they will.
- c You hear the word *magnet* on the radio. Ask a friend what it means.
Can you tell me what (the word) magnet means?/What does (the word) magnet mean?/What is the meaning of (the word) magnet?
- d A friend asks you why you have such an expensive mobile phone. You have two reasons.
For two reasons. Firstly, because I can use it for e-mail, and secondly, because the camera is better.

2 Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following two mini-dialogues:

- a **A** Do you remember what happened?
B No, I just remember waking up in the road.
A How do you feel now?
B Not too bad. Will I have to stay here tonight?
A We're not sure yet. We'll have to check you have no broken bones.
- b **A** Could you tell us why you would like to study here?
B Your Biology Department has a very good reputation.
A And if we accept you, what do you hope to do when you graduate?
B Well, I'd like to work for a food company.

Place: *hospital*
Speaker A: *doctor/nurse*
Speaker B: *patient/someone who has been hurt in a road accident*
Function: *ask and answer questions*

Place: *university*
Speaker A: *interviewer*
Speaker B: *future student/ someone applying to study at university*
Function: *ask and answer interview questions*

B Vocabulary and Structure

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 Five pounds a lot for a cup of coffee.
a are b cost c pay **d** is
- 2 In some countries, people use a passport instead of card.
a an identity b a personal c a national d an individual
- 3 Saidy the train. He was at the station half an hour before the train left.
a can't miss **b** can't have missed c must have missed d didn't miss
- 4 My friend advised me to see a doctor. I wish I her advice now.
a took b take **c** had taken d have taken
- 5 Did they ever discover the of the fire?
a reason b purpose c explanation **d** cause
- 6 My sister promised me after school this afternoon.

- a meeting **b** to meet c met d meet
- 7 I've just finished a novel the main character is an 80-year-old man.
a which **b** in which c who d whose
- 8 Have you heard? They've discovered a/an new treatment for flu.
a effective b useless c real d cruel
- 9 She sport as a very important part of her life.
a thinks b believes **c** regards d looks
- 10 On that he had passed his driving test, Taha was very happy.
a heard b he heard c to hear **d** hearing
- 11 There was great when our team won the football match.
a procession b imprisonment **c** excitement d attachment
- 12 He wasn't getting enough exercise, he joined a sports club.
a because b despite c and **d** so
- 13 I've seen an interesting article on the internet which I have onto my computer.
a received b done **c** downloaded d written
- 14 By this time next week, the exam results will
a have been published b have published c publish d be publishing
- 15 I like that photograph on your computer
a glass **b** screen c film d front
- 16 Nader is really about all kinds of sport. He loves playing and watching it.
a interested b active **c** enthusiastic d keen

4 Find the mistake in each of the following sentences, then write it correctly.

- a When I have nothing to do, I feel really boring.
When I have nothing to do, I feel really bored.
- b The person who's job is to clean the school is not here today.
The person whose job it is to clean the school is not here today.
- c When Umm Kalthoum died, thousands of people attended her wedding.
When Umm Kalthoum died, thousands of people attended her funeral.
- d You should reinvent paper, rather than throw it away.
You should recycle paper, rather than throw it away.
- e Some people believe that in the future, water will use as a fuel for cars.
Some people believe that in the future, water will be used as a fuel for cars.
- f Despite he is 68, my grandfather is still working.
Although he is 68, my grandfather is still working. / Despite being 68, my grandfather is still working.

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Second Term Practice Tests

C Reading

5 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

On June 16, 1963, Valentina Tereshkova became the first woman in space. She had been chosen from more than 400 others who applied. During her three-day flight, her rocket orbited the Earth 48 times. Valentina did tests on herself to find out how **the experience** affected women's minds and bodies. She reported that she felt ill for most of the time she was in space. Valentina Tereshkova was born in 1937 in the west of Russia. Her father worked as a tractor driver and her mother worked in a factory. She left school at the age of 16 and went to work in a factory. In her spare time, she enjoyed parachuting. After Valentina Tereshkova's space flight, it was 19 years before another Russian woman was sent into space. Today, Valentina is still a hero in Russia.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- How many women wanted to travel in space when Valentina applied for the job?
More than four hundred / 400 women.
- What does **the experience** mean in *how the experience affected women's minds and bodies*?
It means being in space.
- What was Valentina's hobby as a young woman? *She enjoyed parachuting.*

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- How old was Valentina when she went into space? a 16 b 19 **c 26** d 48
- How did Valentina feel while she was in space?
a comfortable b happy c tired **d not well**

6 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

I have never been a fast reader. As a child, it took me two weeks to read a book that my friends could read in a few days. This worried my parents, so they took me for an eye test. The doctor said there was nothing wrong with my eyes and said he thought I was probably lazy. This was very annoying, but I was pleased to know that I did not need to wear glasses. Now I am older, I understand my problem better. The truth is that I cannot concentrate on what I am reading if there is any noise around me, so, for example, I cannot read in a room where people are talking or watching television. I sometimes read in bed where it is quiet, but if I am tired, I fall asleep after a few minutes and forget what I have read the next day.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- What is the writer's problem?
He's a slow reader.
- What did the writer's parents do?
They took him to have an eye test.
- Why is reading in bed not the answer to the writer's problems?
If he is tired, he falls asleep after a few minutes and then can't remember what he's read the next day.

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- The doctor said that the problem was...
a that he needed glasses.
b he had serious eye problems.
c he was lazy.
d he found it difficult to concentrate.
- What does the writer think caused the problem?
a Noises make it difficult for him to read.
b He does not like people watching television.
c He is usually tired.
d He is not interested in the books he reads. **119**

7 The Reader (*The Prisoner of Zenda*)

a Answer the following questions:

- 1 What is the reason Rassendyll claims is the cause of his handwriting being different from the King's?
He claims that his hand still hurts from his injury so he can't write as well as before.
- 2 "The thing I hunt is a very big animal," Rassendyll explains. What is Rassendyll really hunting?
He is really hunting Duke Michael.
- 3 To whom did the large, modern country house called Tarlenheim belong?
It belonged to a relative of Fritz.
- 4 Rassendyll, Sapt and Fritz took ten brave and strong gentlemen that they trusted to hunt down Michael. What reason did they give to the gentlemen?
They told the gentlemen that Duke Michael was holding a friend of the King prisoner.

b Read the following quotation, then answer the questions:

"As you know, his mother was not royal and he can only legally become King if he marries the Princess."

- 1 Who said this? *Rassendyll (pretending to be the King)*
- 2 To whom was it said? *Marshal Strakencz*
- 3 Who cannot become King unless he marries the Princess? *Duke Michael / the Duke of Strelsau*

c Find the mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it:

- 1 The owner's wife at the inn thought that Rassendyll was the King.
The owner's daughter at the inn thought that Rassendyll was the King.
- 2 Of the Six Men, four of them were Ruritarians.
Of the Six Men, three of them were Ruritarians.

D Writing

8 Write an e-mail to a friend describing where and when you most enjoy reading.

Translation

9 a Translate into Arabic:

Every year, millions of trees are cut down to make new paper. Fortunately, the trees that give us the best wood for paper grow very quickly. Old paper can also be recycled.

كل عام/سنة، يتم قطع ملايين الأشجار لتصنيع/الإنتاج/لعمل ورقاً جديداً. لحسن الحظ، الشجر الذي يعطينا أجود/أفضل (أنواع) الخشب لـ (صنع) الورق ينمو بسرعة كبيرة. كما أنه يمكن إعادة تدوير الورق القديم.

b Translate into English:

- 1- إذا لم تبجتهد أكثر في دروسك، سوف تفشل في الإختبار.
If you don't study a bit harder, you'll fail the test.
- 2- أعتقد أن الناس سوف تستمر في قراءة الكتب من أجل المتعة.
I think people will go on reading books for their own enjoyment.

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Practice Test 6

A Language Functions

1 Respond to each of the following situations:

- a You are interviewing someone for a job. Find out about their qualifications and experience.

Could you tell me what qualifications and experience you have? / What qualifications and experience do you have?

- b Your friend looks like he/she hasn't been sleeping for days. Advise him/her.

You look exhausted. You should go home and sleep.

- c An interviewer has asked you why you have applied for a job in a particular company. Give a reason.

The reason is that a friend (has) recommended this company to me.

- d You do not understand what *distance learning* is. Ask a friend.

Can you explain what distance learning is? / I don't understand what distance learning is. Can you explain it to me, please?

2 Mention the place, the speakers and the language function in each of the following two mini-dialogues:

- a A Are you in your first year?

B Yes, I'm studying English, but it's only my third week.

A My parents would like me to apply here. Would you recommend it?

B Yes, definitely.

Place: *university or college*
Speaker A: *future student*
Speaker B: *first year student*
Function: *ask for and give advice*

- b A Well, your application has been successful.

B That's great! When do I start?

A At the beginning of next month. You'll be working at our Cairo branch.

B I'm looking forward to starting.

Place: *company office*
Speaker A: *interviewer/boss*
Speaker B: *successful job applicant*
Function: *express happiness*

B Vocabulary and Structure

3 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 In some modern homes, water by energy from the sun.

a are heated b heat **c is heated** d is heating

- 2 My daily starts when my alarm clock goes off at 6.30.

a routine b habit c custom d way

- 3 There's water all over the floor. Someone to turn off the shower.

a must forget **b must have forgotten** c can't have forgotten d can have forgotten

- 4 Her parents have meetings with the teachers at her school.

a totally b gradually c slowly **d regularly**

- 5 My brother and I have just had a phone conversation we discussed our holiday plans.

a which **b in which** c what d to which

Second Term Practice Tests

- 6 At the weekend, my aunt asked me what I since we last met.
a did b was doing c have done **d had been doing**
- 7 Teachers are always encouraging their students to be and hard-working.
a conventional b common c confusing **d conscientious**
- 8 He wanted to know whether anyone the book he was reading.
a had seen b has seen c sees d have seen
- 9 My sister hasn't finished her course yet. She's still
a a trainer b an employee c an employer **d a trainee**
- 10 The best writers force their readers about serious questions.
a to think b thinking c thought d think
- 11 A new supermarket in our town was opened by a well-known yesterday.
a celebrity b famous c character d somebody
- 12 I think someone may have today's newspaper by mistake.
a wasted b thrown c refused **d thrown away**
- 13 I really phone my parents to tell them I'm going to be late home today.
a need **b must** c can d could
- 14 At her first school, she wear a blue uniform.
a had to b must c would d has
- 15 He is thinking of on a Business Studies course at the local college.
a entering b applying **c enrolling** d beginning
- 16 Pupils don't have to pay for their books. The school them.
a pays **b provides** c takes d affords

4 Find the mistake in each of the following sentences, then write them correctly:

- a I wish I can read more quickly.
I wish I could read more quickly.
- b She asked her friend weather she had finished her homework.
She asked her friend whether she had finished her homework.
- c My parents have invited one of my friends stay for the weekend.
My parents have invited one of my friends to stay for the weekend.
- d When Wagdy was five years old, he was sting by a scorpion.
When Wagdy was five years old, he was stung by a scorpion.
- e I need to go to the university to buy some medicine.
I need to go to the pharmacy to buy some medicine.
- f A civil servant is someone who works for the army.
A civil servant is someone who works for the government.

Second Term Practice Tests

C Reading

5 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Most students find university very different from school. One of the biggest differences is that university students are expected to manage their time themselves. Although staff will help, it is the students' responsibility to be in the right place at the right time and to hand homework in on time. The way teaching is organised is also very different from school. At university, lecturers teach classes that may last two or three hours and can include 300–400 students. There are usually other smaller classes where students can discuss subjects they find difficult, and from time to time lecturers spend time with individual students, talking about work **they** have done. If students are not living at home while they are at university, there are many ordinary things they may have to do for themselves, such as cooking.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1 What two places does this passage compare? *The passage compares universities and schools*
- 2 How many students can be in a university class? *There can be (300 to) 400 students..*
- 3 Why are smaller groups sometimes necessary at university? *The big classes are too big for discussions... Students can discuss things / ask questions in the smaller groups.....*

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 Who does **they** refer to in *talking about work they have done*?
a lecturers b classes **c** students d subjects
- 5 What does the writer suggest students should be prepared to do when they go to university?
a Be organised. b Read many books. c Find a job. d Discuss ideas.

6 Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Ed Hannigan has a job which few people would want. Every week, he falls off horses, he crashes cars and jumps from tall buildings. He has broken nearly every bone in his body and has been in hospital ten times. Ed works on films and television programmes, doing the dangerous things that make **them** exciting. His main work is to replace famous actors who do not want to do dangerous things themselves. To do this kind of work, you need to be very fit. Ed has to be the same height and weight as the actors he is replacing, and his hair and clothes also have to look exactly the same. Ed enjoys his work and does not worry about the danger. "Most things I do are quite safe," he says.

a Give short answers to the following questions:

- 1 What kind of work does Ed do? *He does dangerous things instead of famous actors.*
- 2 Why do famous actors not want to do dangerous things?
They don't want to injure/hurt themselves.....
- 3 Why does Ed have to look like the actors he is replacing?
The people watching must think he is the actor he is replacing.....

b Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 4 What does **them** refer to in *the dangerous things that make them exciting*?
a the actors Ed replaces **b** films and television programmes
c the dangerous things d the jobs Ed does

5 Which of these words describes the work Ed does?

- a popular b healthy **c dangerous** d boring

7 The Reader (*The Prisoner of Zenda*)

a Answer the following questions:

1 What did Johann tell Rassendyll about the real King's condition?

He told him the King was ill and weak.

2 Why does Rassendyll say he was forced to stab Max Holf to death?

It was war and he had to protect himself and the King.

3 What did the Chief of Police in Strelsau tell Rassendyll (the King) about what they had learned about the real Rassendyll?

They had found his bags at the train station and they thought he was travelling with Madame de Mauban.

4 Why was Michael keeping Madame de Mauban as a prisoner in his castle?

Because he knew she had warned Rassendyll at the summer house.

b Read the following quotation, then answer the questions:

"He's not a good man. He makes me angry. I nearly killed him myself last night. Think carefully about my plan."

1 Who said this? ..*Rupert Hentzau*.....

2 To whom was it said? ..*To Rassendyll*.....

3 What is the speaker's plan?*He will help Rassendyll attack the castle. But Sapt, Fritz, the King and the Duke must die. Rassendyll will remain King and Rupert will get a reward.*.....

c Find the mistake in each of the following sentences and correct it:

1 Max Holf is Johann's uncle.

Max Holf is Johann's brother.

2 Mr Featherly from Paris believed Rudolf Rassendyll was travelling with Flavia.

Mr. Featherly from Paris believed Rudolf Rassendyll was travelling with Antoinette (de Mauban).

D Writing

8 Write a letter to a friend telling him or her what you hope to do next year.

Translation

9 a Translate into Arabic:

Thirty years ago, most university students believed that when they graduated, their education had finished. They expected to get a job and work for one employer. They would work in one place until they retired.

منذ ثلاثين عاماً (مضت)، كان طلاب الجامعات يعتقدون أنه ما إن يتخرجون/يكملون دراستهم الجامعية، فإن تعليمهم قد انتهى/تم، و(كانوا يعتقدون) أنهم سيحصلون على وظيفة واحدة فقط، وأنهم سيعملون لدى الشخص نفسه/الجهة نفسها. كانوا يعملون/يشتغلون في مكان واحد حتى بلوغ سن المعاش.....

b Translate into English:

١- هل فكرت في الالتحاق بجامعة في الخارج بعد التخرج؟

Have you thought about applying to a university abroad after you graduate?

٢- كثرة المال لا توفر بالضرورة حلولاً للمشاكل.

124 *Being wealthy/rich does not always solve problems. / Having a lot of money does not necessarily solve problems.*